INSTRUCTIONAL LEADERSHIP FOR SCIENCE PRACTICES (ILSP) www.sciencepracticesleadership.com

Instructional Strategies - Using Computational and Mathematical Thinking

Mathematical and computational thinking involves using tools and mathematical concepts to address a scientific question.

Potential Instructional Strategies for *Using Computational* and *Mathematical Thinking*

- 1. Provide opportunities for students to perform calculations on their gathered data, such as finding the mean (average) of several trials of data.
- 2. Engage older students in using computer programs such as excel to analyze large data sets from scientific organization (e.g. NASA, NOAA).
- 3. Create activities in which students are given a scientific question and must decide how to use mathematical or computational thinking to address the question.
- 4. Use various tools to gather data such as graduated cylinders, thermometers, balances, etc.
- 5. Have older students decide whether to represent their data in different ways such as using ratios, percents, etc.
- 6. Engage students in investigations that require them to use mathematical operations (e.g. subtract quantities to determine the volume of an object).

For a classroom example of instruction using this science practice, visit our website at www.sciencepracticesleadership.com and click on the Grade 2 Exemplar under Case Studies.